FIRST AID FACT SHEET

Heart Attack

A heart attack is pain caused by a blockage of an artery that supplies blood to the heart and causes damage or death of the heart muscle.

Caused by
+ Narrowing of the arteries.
+ A diet high in saturated fats.
+ Smoking.
+ High blood pressure.

Signs & symptoms
+ Pain in the chest may be:
  • Tight, gripping or squeezing.
  • Mild to severe.
  • Felt in the centre of the chest, shoulders, back, neck or jaw.
+ Breathlessness.
+ Dizzy, lightheaded.
+ Feel sick or may vomit.
+ Pale, cold, clammy skin.
+ May collapse and suffer a cardiac arrest.

What to do

Unconscious casualty
1. Follow DRSABCD St John Action Plan.
2. Place casualty in recovery position.
3. Urgent medical aid. Call *Triple Zero (000)* for an ambulance.
4. Stay with the casualty and monitor breathing. Be prepared to give CPR if symptoms worsen.

Conscious casualty
1. Follow DRSABCD St John Action Plan.
2. Advise the casualty to immediately sit down to rest and reassure them.
3. If the casualty has been prescribed medication such as a tablet or oral spray for angina, assist them to take it as they have been directed.
4. If symptoms last for ten (10) minutes or become worse quickly or are severe, call *Triple Zero (000)* for an ambulance immediately.
5. Give 300g (one tablet) of aspirin with water. **DO NOT** give aspirin to those allergic to it or if their doctor has advised them against taking aspirin.
6. Stay with the casualty and monitor consciousness and vital signs. Be prepared to give CPR if symptoms worsen.

In a medical emergency call *Triple Zero (000)*

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Information provided is as per Australian Resuscitation Council Guidelines. These first aid protocols are for the Australian market only. All care has been taken in preparing this information but St John takes no responsibility for its use. This information is not a substitute for practical first aid training with St John.